A Handbook for Curates and Training Incumbents

IME Phase 2 in the Diocese of Blackburn
2018 Edition

Some material adapted from the Diocese of Bath and Wells IME2 Handbook.
Cover picture taken by Sara Cuff for Blackburn Diocese www.cpictures.co.uk; sara@cpictures.co.uk
INTRODUCTION

Welcome to the Handbook for Curates and Training Incumbents. For both of you this is a new relationship and a further step in your journey as a disciple of Christ and an Anglican minister. As you both settle into your new roles, many questions may arise and we hope you will feel able to draw on the wider support and relationships available in the Diocese to help ensure that things progress smoothly.

This curacy is beginning at an exciting time for the Church, both locally and nationally. Nationally the Church is implementing the Reform and Renewal programme and initiatives such as ‘Setting God’s People Free’. In Blackburn Diocese, we are committed to enabling and equipping our curates for ministry in God’s dynamic world. Vision 2026 invites us to continue to work towards being “Healthy Churches Transforming Communities” its emphasis on Growing Leaders, Making Disciples and Being Witnesses is very much in tune with national initiatives.

Initial Ministerial Education is normally divided into two parts: IME Phase 1 is pre-ordination and takes place in the context of a course or college and IME Phase 2 which is the post ordination phase and takes place in curacy. This handbook is designed to guide you through the process of learning and assessment of IME Phase 2.

As part of the process of implementing Vision 2026 the Diocese of Blackburn has been looking at every aspect of its common life to ensure that we equipped to make disciples for Jesus Christ, bear witness to Jesus Christ and grow leaders for Jesus Christ.

The role played by curates in this is essential. They bring energy, vitality and enthusiasm into the Diocese. They are our future incumbents and leaders. Part of the answer to the problem of maintaining adequate clergy numbers lies in attracting and supporting calibre curates who will then feel sufficiently committed to stay in the Diocese for incumbent-level posts.

The new outline for IME2 represents therefore a significant change in emphasis. We are moving away from the heavy structures for assessment and accreditation that came in with the Hind Report. Instead we are introducing a programme that focuses more on the practical and which is more tailored to the demands of Vision 2026.

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1. THE IME2 PROGRAMME

THE AIMS OF IME2
The most important aspect of a curacy is the working relationship between the Curate and the Training Incumbent. The majority of training will therefore inevitably be delivered by the TI both in formal supervision sessions and in the day to day business of sharing ministry and praying together.

IME2 plays a key role in enhancing this training relationship. In particular it aims to:

- Form clergy capable of implementing Vision 2026 to build healthy churches that transform communities
- Ensure that curates have the necessary skills, experiences and characteristics for the next stage of their ministry and can provide evidence for this
- Enhance and support the work of the Training Incumbent in forming new clergy
- Provide experiences for learning and reflection that cannot be provided within the Parish
- Allow for ongoing personal and spiritual formation for curates
- Enable fellowship, friendship and mutual support amongst curates
- Instil a love for and a loyalty to Lancashire and to the Diocese of Blackburn in order to increase retention rates post-curacy from 50% to 80%

THE BROAD SHAPE

There will be two strands to the IME2 Programme.  
**Strand 1** will be compulsory and unaccredited. It will focus on practical training which equips curates for leadership roles and supports their priestly formation. The programme will be agreed and delivered locally.  
**Strand 2** will be optional. It will allow for those who would like a greater degree of academic input or who want to complete a degree to have space and funding for an accredited course such as an MA in consultation with the Director of IME2 and their TI.

THE ELEMENTS OF STRAND 1

1. An Annual Theme

Each year IME 2 will focus on one of the three themes drawn from Vision 2026.

- **Year 1 Discipleship**
  - The continuing development of the curate as a disciple of Jesus Christ and their own growth in holiness.
  - Growing disciples in the local church
  - Leading worship and teaching people to pray
  - Preaching and teaching
  - Spiritual Direction and Confession
  - Developing children and young people as disciples

- **Year 2 Witness**
  - Mission and evangelism, church planting, church growth, Fresh Expressions etc
  - Working with schools, children and young people
  - Faith sharing
  - Issues around the common good
  - Understanding the mission context
- Occasional Offices
- Presence and Engagement Parishes
- Communications

○ Year 3 Leadership

- Growing as a leader and understanding leadership styles
- Fostering lay leaders in the local church
- Exploring the relationship between leadership and the historic three-fold order
- Leading ministry to children and young people and fostering young leaders
- Running a PCC, Church Administration, Finance and buildings
- Understanding the structures and canons of the Church of England

This content will be delivered in the following ways:

1. Two residential per year, one to take place at a weekend in the Autumn term and one midweek in the Summer term. During the year on Discipleship, the latter will take the form of a pilgrimage. Teaching will be delivered by external speakers, the Bishops and others from the Diocese.

2. Three full-day teaching events.

3. In addition there will be a fourth day which will have a more legal and administrative focus whilst also drawing out the evangelistic dimension of these aspects of Church life. These will cover the following areas:
   a. Marriage law
   b. Church Representation Law, APCMs, PCCs etc
   c. Funerals, churchyards etc

The Bishop of Burnley and the Director of IME2 will work closely with a small group of curates to devise the programme for each year.

2. Three Practical Projects

In addition curates will be expected to complete three practical tasks. These do not need to be completed within any one particular year but should be fitted in as convenient across the three years of the Curacy. The tasks are as follows:

○ Discipleship
  - To lead on a project that will develop laypeople as disciples, eg a nurture course, a pilgrimage or a residential event. This will mean:
    • Identifying a need related to the Parish MAP or Vision 2026
    • Conceiving and developing a project
    • Building and preparing a team
    • Delivering the project
    • Reflecting on outcomes theologically and practically

○ Witness.
  - To lead on an evangelistic initiative such as a fresh expression, messy church, a mission weekend etc. This will mean
    • Identifying a target group
    • Conceiving and developing an appropriate evangelistic response
    • Building and preparing a team
    • Delivering the project
    • Reflecting on outcomes theologically and practically
Leadership

- To undertake a three week placement in a different ministry context. This may be:
  - a parish serving a different demographic or of a different tradition
  - a prison or hospital chaplaincy
  - a school chaplaincy
  - another setting as agreed by the IME2 Director

The Discipleship and Witness projects should be agreed both with the TI and with the Director of IME2. They should be challenging and intended to make a real difference.

The setting of the placement is very important and the Director of IME2 will play a key role in agreeing this with the TI and Curate. It could be done either in a block or over a period of time (for example in a prison setting it may be best to do one day a week for 21 weeks rather than a single three week block).

3. Additional Components

Additional days and activities will be put on from time to time or as requested by Curates and TIs. These may include:

- A day for new curates and TIs on the Working Agreement
- A day on priestly ministry towards the end of the Diaconal year
- Input for those preparing for first incumbency

4. Mentoring, Support and Supervision

Close supervision provided from within and without the Parish is essential. Early identification of problems is the key to speedy resolution and the avoidance of relationship breakdown. Mentoring, support and supervision will be provided as follows:

1. Supervision sessions between the TI and Curate. These should take place on a monthly basis. It is vital that these are not confused with weekly diary or planning meetings (or social events!)

2. An external Pastoral Tutor might be offered in some cases by the Director of IME2. This will be an experienced priest whom the curate should meet once a term to discuss progress of the Curacy.

3. The Director of IME2 who will stay in close contact with all curates and will make visits to Parishes.

4. The Bishop of Burnley who has pastoral oversight of curates.

STRAND 2

This will be arranged on a tailored basis for those curates who expressly wish it. It might comprise:

- Completing a BA which was commenced during IME1
- Completing another accredited course eg an MA offered by external providers

The Diocese would continue to fund such qualifications.

Curates wishing to take advantage of Strand 2 should contact the Director of IME2 well before Ordination.
MINISTRY AGREEMENTS

A Ministry Agreement between Curate and TI is essential. A copy of the agreement should be sent to the Director of IME2. It should be reviewed every year by the TI and Curate.

THE ROLE OF THE DIRECTOR OF IME

While the incumbent-curate relationship is the primary context of training, the Director of IME is here to oversee the IME2 programme and support both curates and training incumbents. If any difficulties arise, please make contact early on – it is always much easier to help sort a small problem than it is when it has been left to grow into a large problem.

END OF CURACY ASSESSMENT

This will take place in the following way:

1. An annual end of year Assessment Interview between the Curate and the Director of IME2. This will explore progress made across the year and growing readiness for incumbency. A written record will be kept of this interview.

2. A Portfolio kept by the Curate and presented at the end of Year 3. This should include:
   a. An 800-1000 word reflection on each of the three annual themes
      i. An outline of how the curate’s theological understanding of the theme has developed
      ii. An indication of how this has impacted on practice
   b. An 800-1000 word reflection on two of the three practical projects (discipleship and witness). This should include:
      i. A brief outline of the project
      ii. An assessment of what went well
      iii. Learning points for the future
   c. An 800-1000 word report on the Placement. This should include:
      i. A brief description of the context
      ii. A reflection on what the curate learnt about leadership during the course of the placement
   d. A Sunday sermon
   e. The outline of a children’s or all age talk
   f. A plan for a school assembly
   g. A case study describing the preparation of a family for one of the occasional offices

3. A trail of reports from the TI and the Placement Supervisor

At the end of the third year, the curate will have a final assessment interview with two Examining Chaplains who will have had sight of all the above paperwork. They will make a final recommendation to the Bishop of Burnley.
There are nationally agreed standards of expectations for clergy and their behaviour which is outlined in the booklet Guidelines for the Professional Conduct of the Clergy. The booklet is one which incumbents and curates may, at various times, find issues to discuss together. (The text in pdf form may be accessed via www.churchofengland.org).

**Expenses**

It is expected that working expenses of curates will be reimbursed in full. It should be stated how and on what basis expenses will be paid including:

- Travelling and transport costs
- Telephone
- Postage, stationery and other office expenses
- Hospitality
- Books/journals

**Administrative support**

Where there is a parish office, staffed by a secretary or administrator, it is important for the curate to know what his/her relationship to this person should be. For example if the secretary does administration or typing for the incumbent is it legitimate for the curate to expect this service as well? And when work peaks, who has priority of access? It is often in these detailed and mundane areas of life that pressures can surface if clear communication is not established and properly maintained.

**Support structures**

The Bishop expects all clergy to establish their own support structure to nurture their spiritual and professional lives. At a minimum this will include having a Spiritual Director with whom they can talk in confidence about their ministry and their prayer. It is expected that a newly ordained curate will meet with someone to discuss his or her spiritual life from the outset.

**Concerns**

It is inevitable that concerns will arise over a host of issues, large or small. Incumbent and curate should agree that there must be an openness to share and raise such concerns as soon as they arise, rather than leaving them to grow into major problems. Additionally the Director of IME may be consulted by either curate or incumbent at any time.
2. SUPERVISION RESOURCES

SUPERVISION – SHAPED BY THE ARR Sweat FORMULA!

Active: A two way process. Supervision sessions need to be actively sought by the supervisee and organised by the supervisor. Both need time to prepare beforehand. The whole process needs to be the opposite of something that is ‘imposed’ upon either party.

Regular: Must happen regularly – agreement must be reached about frequency. Once agreed how often supervision happens it becomes an absolute that this frequency is kept to. Length of time needs agreeing – how long will you meet for? When in the day/week will you meet? Where will you meet? ‘Home’ or ‘Away’ for the supervised colleague or a neutral venue for both?

Review: Ideally supervision should also include review of the supervision process, annually or more frequently. Review would be when both participants reflect and question, asking whether supervision was working how they wanted it to and how they felt it needed to. Possible questions would focus on what were the good aspects and the not so good aspects of supervision for them, as well asking whether there was anything not being addressed that should have been. Though it is necessary to be clear what will happen to the issues both parties may identify, because any issue raised needs addressing and hopefully resolving.

Recorded: Notes need to be made by the curate to record what was covered. These should be sent to the TI for their approval. These might include the following:
- a record of a conversation had, agreements reached, tasks to be undertaken, outstanding or on-going issues, training to be arranged etc
- a record of things agreed for future supervision sessions

Structured: Finding a structure for each session, which helps both participants get what they want from the session, is important. Having a supervision structure that simply satisfies some academic ideal but which achieves nothing for the participants, will soon cease to happen. If people feel they are gaining nothing from the process of supervision they will abdicate and ‘take their bat home’, mentally if not physically.

Separate: Supervision sessions need to be kept separate from staff meetings, diary arranging meetings, team meetings etc. These more task focussed meetings are important for the supervised to have a place in, but they are not a substitute for the full supervision session.
CURATES

Please note the following:

1. You are responsible for setting the agenda for supervision sessions. (Incumbents are also welcome to suggest things to be covered in supervision and there will also be an element of review from the previous sessions.)
2. You are responsible for ensuring that records of supervision are kept.
3. You should seek to keep in view your recent experiences and development, ongoing reflection of general practice and specific areas of ordained ministry.

Examples

To identify an appropriate area from your recent experiences and development for supervision you might like to use these questions (and perhaps use them to do some brief journaling).

1. What have you found most affirming about your ministry recently?
2. What has been most challenging?
3. What experience or event has extended your sense of God’s presence in the world? (You may want to reflect on this in light of previous assumptions or expectations).
4. Comment on what development you see in your skills for ministry, and how you used them. Is there any link to questions 1 & 2?

To identify areas related to your ongoing general practice, you might like to consider questions like these:

5. What are you discovering about your own style of collaborative ministry when working with other ministers and laity?
6. What do you notice as you reflect on the development of your devotional life both personal and in public?

Over the course of your curacy, you should also touch on specific areas such as these in supervision:

- The preparation for, and conduct of, a funeral both pastorally and theologically
- An experience of visiting in a situation of crisis
- A situation of conflict
- Leading a group
- The practice of prayer and what sustains that practice
- An experience of mission of evangelism
- A situation of ‘failure’
- A placement in another ministerial context
- A significant event in the life of the benefice
**Example of a Supervision Record**

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<th>Date of Supervisory Meeting</th>
<th>Notes of the Meeting</th>
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<td>Training incumbent’s comment:</td>
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<th>Date of Supervisory Meeting</th>
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<td>Training incumbent’s comment</td>
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<td>Training incumbent’s comment</td>
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INCUMBENTS

Structuring a Supervision Session
Incumbents are responsible for overseeing the process of the supervision session. There are many ways in which supervision sessions can be structured. You may already have adopted an approach which you have found beneficial. Below are some key principles and questions you might like to consider when structuring supervision sessions.

Contracting
- What are you both hoping to achieve in this session?
- What time have you agreed to finish or when will that be?
- Have you already agreed the content of the session?
- Are there any matters, issues, events that should take priority to discuss?

Reviewing
- What has been happening since the last session?
- How has your colleague managed their time?
- What have been the recent successes and difficulties in their parish work?
- How have relationships developed – with parish, deanery and God?
- Have there been any unexpected issues? Anything neither of you anticipated?
- How did you each handle these? Did either of you feel you managed well or just coped?
- How is your colleague feeling, generally and specifically in terms of ministry?

Understanding (as you engage with what the curate has brought to supervision)
- What sense is your colleague making of this work?
- Is anything affecting either of you in a way that seems out of proportion?
- Is there anything you feel you need to challenge?
- Do either of you feel affirmation of people and/or of events is needed?
- Do you want time to share ideas, insights and reflections on how things fit together, team roles, theology etc? How is your colleague developing their sense of where they fit to God’s purpose, how they fully practise as disciple and minister?
  NB The hoped for outcome is that your colleague develops as a competent reflective practitioner in ministry.

Looking Ahead
- What is planned for the immediate, mid and long term?
- What action, what goal setting do you need to agree?
- What needs to happen next in your colleague’s developing ministry and how do they feel about that?
- How do you think your colleague will approach what is coming up?
- What support, coaching, help, guidance do you feel your colleague, or both of you need?

Ending
- Is there anything else that either of you need to share?
- Are there issues of your relationship that need to be discussed?
- When are you meeting again?
- Do you need to agree the notes / recording of this meeting?
- Are there issues to be carried to your next meeting?
- Are there tasks / investigations / research that either of you need to do before you next meet?
GIVING FEEDBACK

Giving feedback to colleagues can be very encouraging and life-giving, but at times it can be poorly received or unhelpful. Below is some guidance about giving feedback.

CLEAR: Try to be clear about what the feedback is that you want to give. Being vague and faltering will increase the anxiety in the receiver and will not be understood easily by them.

OWNED: The feedback you give is your own perspective and not an ultimate truth. It therefore says as much about you as it does about the person who receives it. It helps the receiver if this is stated or implied in the feedback. E.g. “I find you….” Rather than “You are…”

REGULAR: If the feedback is given regularly it is more likely to be useful. If this does not happen there is a danger that grievances are saved until they are delivered in one large package. Try to give the feedback as close to the event as possible, and early enough for the person to do something about it, i.e. do not wait until someone is leaving to tell them how they could have done the job better!

BALANCE: It is good to balance negative and positive feedback and, if you find that the feedback you give to any individual is always either positive or negative, this probably means that your view is distorted in some way. This does not mean that each piece of critical feedback must always be accompanied by something positive, but rather that a balance should be created over time.

SPECIFIC: Generalised feedback is hard to learn from. Phrases like, “you are irritating” can only lead to hurt and anger. “it irritates me when you forget to record the telephone messages” gives the receiver some information which he or she can choose to use or ignore.
## 3. MINISTRY AGREEMENT TEMPLATE

**Curate** ...............................................................  **Category of ministry** .................................

**Incumbent** ........................................  **Parish(es)/Benefice** .................................

The form should be kept available and referred back to regularly. It may need to be amended by mutual agreement and will need updating each year. Please expand the boxes as necessary.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ministry Framework</th>
<th>Curate</th>
<th>Incumbent</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Usual pattern of ministry</td>
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<td>Day(s) off (free from parish, IME or other ministry commitments)</td>
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<td>Patterns of Annual leave (where known)</td>
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<td>Dedicated time for personal study</td>
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### Sundays and other worship

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Curate</th>
<th>Incumbent</th>
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<td>Leading services (frequency each month)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Preaching (frequency each month)</td>
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<td>Attendance when without specific role</td>
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<td>Midweek worship</td>
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### Prayer together

<table>
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<th>Curate</th>
<th>Incumbent</th>
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<tr>
<td>How and when will you get opportunities for prayer together?</td>
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<tr>
<td>Attendance at Meetings</td>
<td>Curate</td>
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<td>PCC/DCC Meetings</td>
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<td>Church Committees/Groups</td>
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<td>Chapter and Deanery Synod</td>
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<td>Churches Together, Interfaith groups or equivalent</td>
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<td><strong>Other</strong></td>
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<td>Quiet days, retreat</td>
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<td>Administration and finance</td>
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<td>Expenses of office</td>
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<td>IME Phase 2 programme (including days when TI's are invited)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Professional Development</td>
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<td>Spiritual Growth and Development</td>
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<td><strong>Mutual Expectations</strong> (Optional)</td>
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Curate’s main areas of work and/or responsibility

Ministry profile – key areas:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Main Areas of ministry and / or responsibility (all)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Children / youth</td>
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Particular commitments or memberships within church or community.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schools</th>
<th>Residential homes</th>
<th>Community groups</th>
<th>Civic/Other</th>
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Staff / Ministry Team Meetings

Frequency:

Venue:

Supervisions  (not less than 9x a year for full-time curates; not less than 6x a year for others)

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Venue</th>
<th>Specific themes / areas of work</th>
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Signed:  (Incumbent) (Curate)

Dated:

Signed:  (Director of IME)
APPENDIX ONE

Further Tips for Getting Started
The incumbent should assume responsibility for inducting the curate into the life of the parish.

Documents File
It is useful if documents relating to the parish’s Mission Action Plan and other policies and information (baptism, wedding, safeguarding, budget plan etc) are given to the curate. There should be time given to study them and for questions to be asked about them.

Timetable
The weekly timetable should be agreed. Issues such as days off, staff meetings, times of offices and services, and other fixed points should have particular attention paid to them.

Liturgical training
As a newly ordained deacon, the new curate will need to be introduced to the liturgical functions they will be expected to perform. This will include roles at the Holy Communion and other Sunday services.

Daily Prayer
A rhythm of daily prayer is fundamental to the life of a parish and every Christian minister. Incumbent and curate should be committed to this, for example, in the case of those with a wholly parish focus, saying Morning and Evening Prayer together most days of the week.

Supervision
Time should be made at least once a month for incumbent and curate to meet formally (other than at a staff meeting) to engage in theological and personal reflection. It is anticipated that this will be a substantial amount of time, usually an hour and a half should be put aside in the diary. This meeting should be used to review the development of the curate’s ministry, and to discuss particular issues as they arise. This time of supervision or reflective practice is integral to formation and learning. It is not to be confused with time needed for routine matters of organisation or for practical training.

Church and Community
Meetings might need to be arranged with the churchwardens and any other staff members. Visits to key members of the congregation and leaders in the wider community should also be agreed. Please consider what is needed in terms of church keys and tour round church buildings, including cupboards, the safe and other well-kept secrets!

Benefice
An initial tour of the benefice – with the incumbent – is strongly recommended. The aim is to familiarise the new curate with its geography, visiting residential, commercial, industrial and retail areas. Such a tour will offer the opportunity to raise and discuss important issues relating to the benefice and the individual parishes within it. Visits to any institutions in the benefice might need to be arranged. (This may be particularly useful in the case of schools before the summer break.)

Administration and Professional Conduct
There needs to be understanding of how the parish registers are kept and how other parish information is recorded. Time needs to be set aside to discuss how personal records are best kept in line with GDPR requirements.
APPENDIX TWO

The role of the Training Incumbent

The placing of deacons in their first post is based upon their need for ministerial formation, and value to the parish in terms of an additional member of staff is very much a secondary consideration only. Training Incumbents have been chosen by the bishops and senior staff because they are people who:

a) will be committed to giving dedicated time to a curate to assist the curate's ministerial formation, and to fulfilling all his/her parts in diocesan curacy processes;

b) will be committed to working in partnership with the Director of IME and other diocesan staff as necessary;

c) is committed to welcoming, growing and supporting collegiate ministry with ordained and licensed colleagues and with other lay members of the church; attends Chapter and Deanery Synod regularly

d) is committed to their own continued personal development, and growth in love and holiness and learning; undertakes CMD themselves; and participates in Ministry Development Review;

e) is a person of prayer who can inspire others to pray;

f) is a good listener and enabler;

g) is able to act as guide, adviser and consultant rather than benevolent dictator or efficient delegator;

h) is possessed of a mature degree of self awareness and understanding of his/her own strengths and weaknesses in ministry;

i) has a secure but not rigid faith and spirituality that can be shared with a curate who will not necessarily have the same views or traditions;

j) is_theologically astute enough to be able to help the curate in the process of integrating theological study with ministerial experience;

k) is prepared to take into consideration a curate’s experience in terms of previous employment and responsibilities;

l) is able to share ministry with a curate, including sharing difficulties as well as successes;

m) is capable of allowing a curate to develop in ways different from him/herself;

n) is able to effectively mobilise resources for training the curate over a three year period and prepared to allow others to be involved in that training;

o) will develop a pattern of staff meetings, supervision meetings, prayer and worship which is mutually convenient for the incumbent and the curate;
p) is aware of the importance of the diocesan IME Phase 2 programme and will ensure that the curate gives it priority;

q) will be committed to staying in the parish for at least the diaconal year of the assistant, and expects to be there for the greater part of the training period;

r) has good working relations with fellow clergy, lay leaders and officers in the parish, and those outside the church.

The role of the Training Incumbent is complex and demanding. It calls for gifts of sensitivity and generosity and the skill to identify and foster all the gifts and interests that their colleague brings. At the same time there is a need to encourage the curate not to specialise too early. Both incumbent and curate should be able to look beyond the needs of the immediate situation to the development of the curate’s ministry throughout life.

It is within the parish context that the curate really learns the skills of ordained ministry and will develop their own style of ministry. The taking of services and the celebration of the occasional offices are obvious examples of this. Similarly, the learning of professional courtesies involved in visiting and working with others is developed.

However, the curacy time is not simply about the acquisition of skills; rather, it is essential that the process of Theological Reflection, begun in pre-ordination course or college, is continued and developed in the interactions between practice, prayer, conversation in supervision, and continued study of the scriptures. This is integral to formation in the ordained life and the Training Incumbent will be expected to enable regular sessions of supervision for their curate.

Agreement to become a Training Incumbent is, in fact, agreement to take on a significant training and assessment responsibility on behalf of the diocese and of the whole church. In particular they will have responsibility, with the curate, for formulating and working in line with a Ministry Agreement. They will also work with the curate to discern their growth and development.
APPENDIX THREE

The Role of the Parish in Training

The following Guidelines for Parishes Receiving a Curate might be helpful to PCCs receiving a curate

Introduction
The first few years following ordination are a crucial time in a person’s life and ministry. The parishes to which curates are licensed share with the incumbent in the great privilege of helping someone in their formation and development through this significant period. These guidelines seek to ensure that a parish’s expectations are in line with those of the bishops of the diocese, and the Church of England’s Ministry Division, and indeed with the incumbent and curate themselves.

Expectations
A person’s initial training is not completed at the time of ordination. Rather, the full period of initial training is viewed as running from the time of entry into college or course until the completion of the curacy. At the end of the curacy all should be competent to continue in responsible priestly ministry. Many will progress to incumbency or equivalent responsibility posts, while others will continue to develop a priestly ministry in the work-place, with part-time parochial involvement. To that end, there is a clear expectation that personal growth, development and learning continue through the curacy time.

A parish and its PCC must therefore recognise that they are not being given a curate merely as an extra pair of hands to assist a busy incumbent. Rather they have been identified as a suitable training parish with a suitable training incumbent who will enable training and ministerial formation to continue. In fact, having a curate will, certainly initially, entail the incumbent making a significant extra time commitment to working with his/her curate in supervision meetings and other aspects of training.

Criteria for Identifying Training Parishes
Your parish will have been identified as a suitable parish for a curate because:
- It can offer a suitably wide range of ministerial opportunities;
- It is willing to support the curate, and seek to help the curate in (a) the role transition from lay to ordained status; and (b) developing ministerial competence;
- It is willing to grant the curate, ungrudgingly, the time to take a full part in IME Phase 2;
- It is willing to pay the curate’s working expenses.

Initial Ministerial Education (IME) Phase 2
Diocesan IME Phase 2 is a priority for curates and attendance is to the core programme is expected of all stipendiary curates. For self-supporting curates, it is hoped that they are able to attend as much of the programme as possible. Parishes must aim to avoid facing a curate with a clash between IME and parish activities; and where such a clash occurs it should be expected that IME would take priority.
APPENDIX FOUR

The role of the Curate in Training

It is expected that all curates – stipendiary or not – will be committed to:

- sharing in the mission of the gospel through the local parish church and deanery;
- prayerful discernment of their own and other people’s gifts, strengths and weaknesses;
- growing in self-awareness as individuals and as Christian ministers;
- an openness to appreciate the contribution of and ability to work with Christians of other traditions and people of different views from their own;
- sharing responsibility for their own learning and development;
- receiving, offering and responding to feedback from colleagues and church members;
- the policies and practice of leadership in the parish;
- all Diocesan requirements for IME Phase 2;

Agreement to receive ordination and serve as a curate involves agreement to set out on a training-based ministry.

During the time of the curacy it is expected that you seek personal growth in a wide variety of areas, including:

(a) experience and confidence in the variety of specific roles of the ordained minister, including liturgical, pastoral, teaching and evangelistic roles in relation to both adults and children;

(b) competence in preaching through increasingly frequent and regular practice, with the assistance of others, including laity, in reflecting on the experience;

(c) practical experience and reflection on mission and evangelism in the local area;

(d) growing competence in the role of leader as well as community member, including the clear ability to work with others to seek the common good

(e) development of a spiritual discipline of private and shared prayer;

(f) continued systematic reading of and reflection on the Scriptures; and continued study of spirituality and theology;

(g) the ability to handle the frequently isolated role of the ordained minister and to seek out and develop appropriate support networks including cells and chapters;

(h) meeting regularly with a Spiritual Director. We are able to put you in contact with colleagues who can match you with a Spiritual Director if you do not have one locally.

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